



# AMERICA HAITI

## DESCRIPTION AND CARE INSTRUCTIONS

Leather is a natural product – each hide is unique and carries the natural characteristics of its origin, which will vary from hide to hide. As leather ages, it matures and develops a patina.

### GENERAL

- Avoid direct sunlight on the leather.
- Avoid direct heat onto the leather.
- Avoid placing the leather next to a heat source.
- Dust and vacuum regularly to avoid a build-up of dust; if vacuuming, use a soft head attachment
- Wipe off stains and spills immediately with a clean, soft, lightly damp cloth, taking care not to soak the leather.
- Avoid being near any leather with any pen or ink.
- Do not use standard household cleaning products, as these may react with the finish, causing cracking.
- Do not use saddle soap or shoe polish on the leather.

### AMERICA HAITI

- Cow splits, chrome tanned, dyed with high fastness dyes to have the best fixation of color and improved light fastness.
- Suede preparation is unique and does not involve any spray protection.
- It falls under the aniline category, and extra care should be taken when handling aniline leathers.

### CARE INSTRUCTIONS

- This leather has no protection top, so it is delicate.
- Avoid any wet cleaning; wet finger marks or dirt marks can be removed simply by brushing with a colorless sponge.
- Regular dust-off and brushing keep this leather clean.
- Any spillages should be blotted immediately with an absorbent dry cloth. Do not rub.
- For any other dyes or stain removal, please call an expert from Leather Clinic.

For more information on Care, Cleaning, and Repair, please get in touch with us at [info@alma1938.com](mailto:info@alma1938.com)